

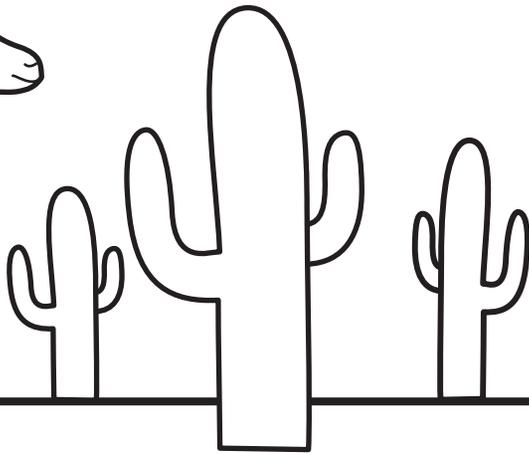
1st Grade

Day 3

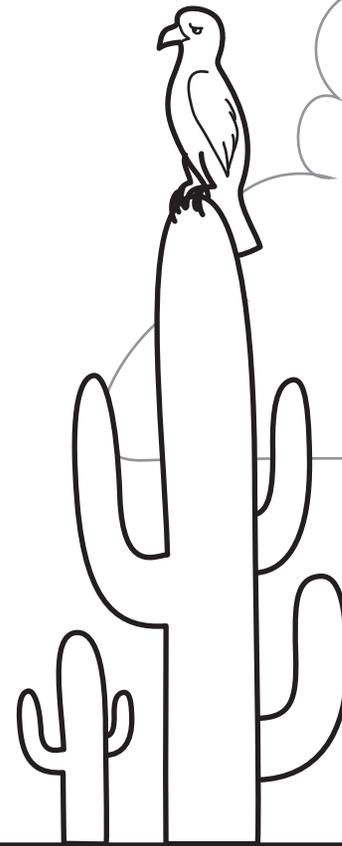
Who Belongs in the Desert?

Circle which plants or animals you think can be found in the desert. Can you think of other animals that might live in the desert?

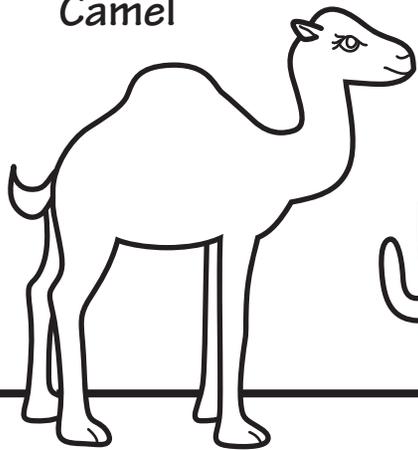
Saguaro Cactus



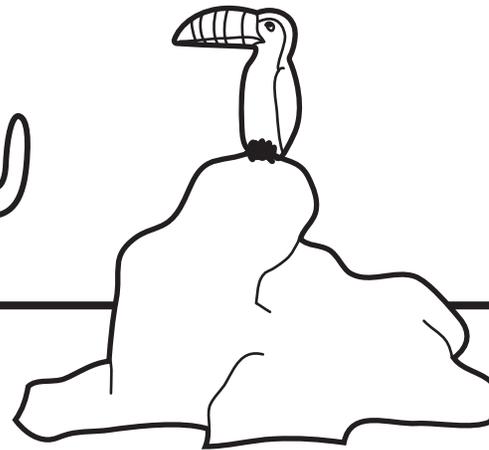
Hawk



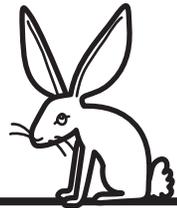
Camel



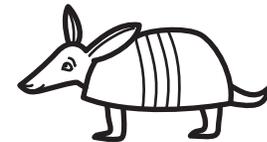
Toucan



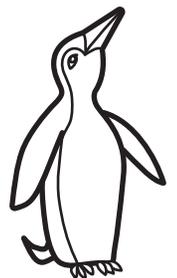
Jackrabbit



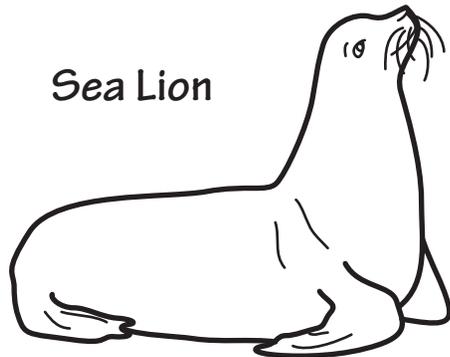
Armadillo



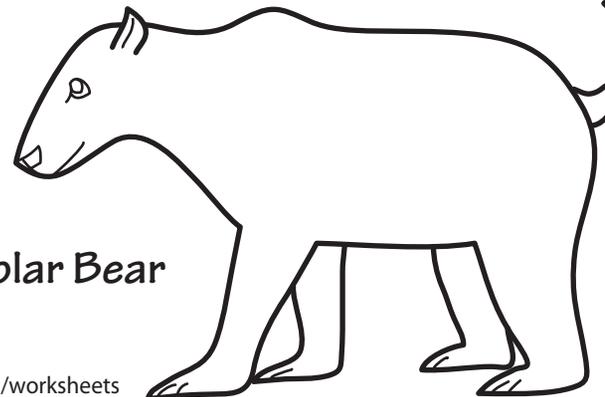
Penguin



Sea Lion



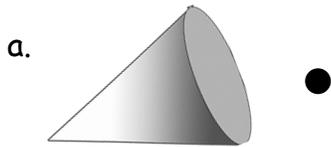
Polar Bear



Name _____

Date _____

1. On the first 4 objects, color one of the flat faces red. Match each 3-dimensional shape to its name.



Rectangular prism



Cone



Sphere



Cylinder



Cube

2. Write the name of each object in the correct column.



Cubes	Spheres	Cones	Rectangular Prisms	Cylinders

3. Circle the attributes that describe *ALL* spheres.

- have no straight sides
- are round
- can roll
- can bounce

4. Circle the attributes that describe *ALL* cubes.

- have square faces
- are red
- are hard
- have 6 faces

Seven Large Lands

by ReadWorks



Our world is made up of land and water. The seven large lands are called continents. The United States is part of the continent of North America. The continents from largest to smallest are Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, and Australia.

This silly sentence may help you remember the names of the continents:

All Ants Need Sugar And Eat Apples.

The first letter of each word matches the first letter of the name of a continent. Test yourself. See if you can remember the seven continents!

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. What is a continent?

- A. a place with its own government
- B. a large chunk of land
- C. a trick that you play on someone

2. What does this passage list for us?

- A. the biggest cities in the world
- B. the countries in North America
- C. the seven continents

3. The continents from largest to smallest are Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, and Australia. What does this tell us about the sizes of the different continents?

- A. The continents are all small.
- B. The continents are all the same size.
- C. The continents are different sizes.

4. What is "Seven Large Lands" mostly about?

- A. the seven continents
- B. where the United States is on a map
- C. how to remember things in school

5. What continent is the United States a part of?

6. What did you learn from "Seven Large Lands"?

7. Class Discussion Question: Use the silly sentence from the passage to help you remember the names of the seven continents. As a challenge, try to remember the names in order from largest to smallest.

8. Draw a picture of a continent.

What Lives in a Pond?

by Rachelle Kreisman



A pond is a body of freshwater. It is usually smaller than a lake. Ponds are not as deep as lakes are. Water in a river or a stream moves, but pond water stays still.

A pond is a habitat. A habitat is a place in nature where animals and plants live. Ponds are home to lots of living things.

Many animals live in, above, or near ponds. Fish, turtles, and snails live *in* the water. Ducks and other birds live *above* the water. Other animals live near ponds. Those animals include frogs, beavers, and muskrats.

Plants live in ponds, too. Cattails and algae are two kinds of plants often found in ponds. Another plant that lives in ponds is the water lily. Its roots go to the bottom of the pond. Its wide leaves float on top of the water.

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. What is a body of fresh water?

- A. an ocean
- B. a water lily
- C. a pond

2. What does the author contrast a pond to?

- A. a lake
- B. a swimming pool
- C. an ocean

3. Read these sentences from the text.

"A pond is a habitat. A habitat is a place in nature where animals and plants live."

What evidence from the article supports the idea that a pond is a habitat?

- A. "Cattails and algae are two kinds of plants often found in ponds."
- B. "Water in a river or a stream moves, but pond water stays still."
- C. "A pond is a body of fresh water. It is usually smaller than a lake."

4. What might be a reason that lots of plants and animals live in and around ponds?

- A. Ponds are not as deep as lakes.
- B. A habitat is a place where plants and animals live.
- C. Plants and animals need water.

5. What is the main idea of this article?

- A. Ponds are bodies of freshwater where many plants and animals live.
- B. Fish, turtles, snails, cattails, and algae all live in the water of ponds.
- C. The water lily is a plant whose roots go to the bottom of a pond and whose leaves float on the top.

6. Read this paragraph from the article.

"A pond is a habitat. A habitat is a place in nature where animals and plants live. Ponds are home to lots of living things."

What does it mean that ponds "are home to lots of living things"?

- A. Lots of living things live in ponds.
- B. Lots of living things move from one place to another.
- C. Lots of houses are built by ponds.

7. Choose the answer that best completes this sentence.

The roots of a water lily go to the bottom of a pond, _____ the leaves of a water lily float on top of the pond.

- A. so
- B. because
- C. but

8. Name some animals that live in the water of ponds.

9. According to the text, how is a pond different from a river?

10. Could a river be a habitat? Support your answer with evidence from the article.

What Lives in the Desert?

by Rachelle Kreisman



A desert is a dry place with little rain. How little? A desert gets less than ten inches of rain each year. Some deserts are hot. A few can be cold. A desert is a habitat. A habitat is a place where animals and plants live.

Hot deserts are home to many kinds of living things. Animals living there include owls, snakes, lizards, and coyotes. Another hot desert animal is the kangaroo rat. It sleeps underground during the day, when the weather is hot. The kangaroo rat comes out at night, when it is cooler. Kangaroo rats get the water they need from food. They eat mostly seeds.

Some plants live in the hot desert. Only a few kinds of trees and bushes can survive there. One of the most common desert plants is the cactus. The cactus collects and stores water in its stem. Sharp spines protect most cacti from animals.

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. What is a desert?

- A. a cold place with little rain
- B. a hot place with lots of rain
- C. a dry place with little rain

2. Which desert animal is described in the article?

- A. the lizard
- B. the coyote
- C. the kangaroo rat

3. It is not easy for plants to live in a hot desert.

What evidence from the text supports this conclusion?

- A. Hot deserts are home to many different kinds of animals.
- B. One of the most common desert plants is the cactus.
- C. Only a few kinds of trees and bushes can survive in the hot desert.

4. What kind of plant would probably not survive in a hot desert?

- A. a plant that does not need much water
- B. a plant that needs rain every week
- C. a plant that can collect and store water

5. What is the main idea of this article?

- A. Some deserts are hot, and a few deserts can be cold.
- B. Hot deserts are home to many kinds of animals and some kinds of plants.
- C. The cactus is one of the most common plants found in a desert.

6. Read these sentences from the text.

"Another hot desert animal is the kangaroo rat. It sleeps underground during the day, when the weather is hot. The kangaroo rat comes out at night, when it is cooler."

In the last sentence, what does "it" refer to?

- A. another animal
- B. the kangaroo rat
- C. the weather

7. Read these two sentences from the text.

"A desert gets less than ten inches of rain each year. Only a few kinds of trees and bushes can survive there."

How can these two sentences best be combined?

- A. A desert gets less than ten inches of rain each year, because only a few kinds of trees and bushes can survive there.
- B. A desert gets less than ten inches of rain each year, so only a few kinds of trees and bushes can survive there.
- C. A desert gets less than ten inches of rain each year, but only a few kinds of trees and bushes can survive there.

8. How does the cactus get water in the dry, hot desert?

9. How does the hot, dry weather of the desert affect the way kangaroo rats behave?

10. To survive in a hot desert habitat, what do animals and plants need to be able to do? Use evidence from the text to support your answer.